	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Nursery	Understanding the World, Pec Communities - Forest Schools To explore the Forest School. To look for and identify featur environment including, trees, pl pathways. Diversity: The variety of physi forest school in comparison wit the front of school, a town, the Can you identify and name som immediate environment?	res of our natural lants, pond, bridges, cal features found in our ch other known areas (eg, eir homes.)	Weather around the Wor To use a giant map of the natural phenomena. Diversity: The range of co the world are explored by distance. (Linked text: Stormy weat Can you talk and comment	world for discussing untries and continents in comparing size and ther - Debi Gliori)	People Who Help Us To learn about and identify within our community who Diversity: The way the lot the cultures of its inhabit Identify and name people help us such as; Police, Fin	help us. cal environment reflects tants is explored. in the community who
Reception	People, Culture and Communities- Where do you live? Where do you live? To describe our immediate environment using knowledge from observation and experience. To explore how we can look after our environment. Look at where we live in Standish, learn their address write a letter to themselves and post it. Look at where they live in comparison to school. Walk around the school grounds and local area - Beach Walk wooded area, farm land / open fields at the end of Beach Walks, Bunny woods - chn to understand that even though		People, Culture and Communities- What places are in the world and how do they differ? What places are in the world and how do they differ? Diversity: A range of images of developing countries is used to balance the focus of negative representations in the media. To consider and discuss similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country. To use maps and explore non-fiction texts. Explore cultures within our society and identify	People, Culture and Communities- How is it different here to Africa? How is it different here to Africa? Diversity: A range of images of developing countries is used to balance the focus of negative representations in the media. To explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries- Africa. Diversity: The variety of human relationships with the physical environment are explored by looking at similarities and differences. To draw on our		

	are also near open		rselves e.g where we	stories, non-fiction	
	countryside.	live		texts and maps.	
	Diversity: The way the local		look in-depth at our	Diversity: Migration and	
	environment reflects the		iss map of the world.	settlement are explored	
	cultures of its inhabitants is	Lei	arn about celebrations	as common human	
	explored.	as	they occur throughout	experiences.	
		the	e year, e.g. Chinese		
		Ne	ew Year, Diwali etc.		
	Local area study -Standish	Hot and Cold		The UK	Seaside
	What is there to do and	How are the Antarctic and the	Kalahari different and	Can you describe what	What is it like to visit
	enjoy in Standish?	why?		the UK is and which seas	Blackpool? What can
	Diversity: The way the local			surround it?	you do there?
	environment reflects the	To know and understand that A	intarctica is a		
	cultures of its inhabitants is	continent.		To know what a country	To locate Blackpool on a
	explored.	To know and locate the seven c	ontinents.	is.	map of the UK
	To understand what human	To name and locate the oceans.		To know the four	Use simple compass
	and physical features are.	To know what the Equator is.		countries of the UK.	directions to describe
	To identify the human and	To know where the Equator is.		To know the surrounding	the location of
	physical features of the	To know where the North and S	South Poles are	seas.	Blackpool
	school and surrounding areas.	(Compass points)	South Foles are.	To know the capital	To understand key
	To use fieldwork and simple	To explain why countries are ho	at an aald	cities of the UK.	human and physical
	maps to describe a route	To identify seasonal weather po		To know the differences	features of seaside
	using compass points.	To recognise weather symbols.	arrems in ok		towns.
	To recognise what we have in	To compare the weather in Kalo	ala ani da I anadan	between a city, town and	Diversity: The ways in
Year 1	Standish and what it	To compare the weather in Raic	anari 10 London.	village. To identify daily	which different
				•	
	provides for us. (butchers,	Fieldwork question: Compare t	the weather in the	weather patterns in the	communities use or used
	bakers, hairdressers etc)	Kalahari and London.		UK.	natural resources and
	To recognise landmarks of			Diversity: Migration and	the impact of this is
	Standish and create a simple			settlement are explored	explored.
	map from one landmark to			as common human	To recognise the key
	their house.			experiences.	landmarks of Blackpool
	Fieldtrip around Standish-				To devise a simple map
	What are the Human and			Fieldwork question:	from one key feature to
	Physical features of			What capital city in	another in Blackpool.
	Standish and what does it			the UK would you like	Diversity: The variety
	provide for us?			to go to?	of human relationships
	Diversity: Pupils' own				with the physical
	experiences and those of				environment are
	their families and				explored by looking at
	communities are drawn on to				

illustrate geograsubject matter. Fieldwork quest are the human features of Stawhat does it prus?	cion: What and physical andish and			similarities and differences. Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored as common human experiences. Diversity: Pupils' own experiences and those of their families and communities are drawn on to illustrate geographical subject matter. Fieldwork question: How does a seaside town vary from where we live?
Map skills Locating capital the surrounding the location of L	waters and	Settlement and Cities What is it like to live in London and what is there to do? Focus Study: London Understand settlement types- hamlet, village, town, city Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored as common human experiences. To identify the characteristics of the 4 countries of the UK. To know some of the physical and human features of London Use aerial photographs/ simple maps to recognise landmarks of London.	Comparison of London and Cape Town Where is South Africa in the world and how does it compare to London? Diversity: A range of images of developing countries is used to balance the focus of negative representations in the media. To know why Africa is a continent and what surrounds it. To describe the location of South Africa in relation to surrounding countries.	

in Standish compare with the rainfall in Cape Town? Agriculture Rivers Mountains Focus Study: River		Plan a route using a simple map from one landmark to another. To understand the seasonal weather patterns for London. To explain the advantages and disadvantages of living in a city. ('A Walk in London' Salvatore Rubbino) Know how people move around London. Diversity: Pupils' own experiences and those of their families and communities are drawn on to illustrate geographical subject matter. Fieldwork question: How can we compare the Human and Physical features of Wigan and London?	To know what the weather patterns are like in South Africa To know some of the human features of Cape Town in South Africa. To know some of the physical features of Cape Town in South Africa. Diversity: The ways in which different communities use or used natural resources and the impact of this is explored. To compare the human and physical features of London and Cape Town. Diversity: The variety of human relationships with the physical environment are explored by looking at similarities and differences. Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored as common human experiences. Fieldwork question: How does the rainfall	
Year 3 How are agriculture and How and why are rivers How do mountains Nile- the land-use and			human experiences. Fieldwork question: How does the rainfall in Standish compare with the rainfall in Cape Town? Focus Study: River	

Know different types of	Focus Study: River	land-use, climate)- <mark>can</mark>	Diversity: The variety	
farming (arable, pastoral,	Indus- Himalayas.	you give examples?	of human relationships	
mixed)	Locate the River Indus	To know what a mountain	with the physical	
Know how farming changes	and describe its position	is and how they are	environment are	
the landscape.	Identify the source and	formed.	explored by looking at	
Diversity: The ways in which	course of the river. (Link	To locate Snowdon, Ben	similarities and	
different communities use or	to glaciers.)	Nevis, Scafell Pike,	differences.	
used natural resources and	Investigate the use and	Slieve Donard.	Diversity: Migration and	
the impact of this is	environmental	To identify and locate	settlement are	
explored.	challenges,	mountainous regions of	explored as common	
Know how the food we eat	To understand the	the UK (Brecon Beacons,	human experiences.	
affects farming (seasonal,	process of the water	Lake District,	Diversity: The ways in	
local, pesticides, organic	cycle.	Snowdonia, Pennines,	which different	
food, vegetarian and plant-	Know how rivers get	Yorkshire Dales)	communities use or used	
based food diets that don't	their water- source, the	To understand the	natural resources and	
use animals)	springs, the water cycle.	relationship between	the impact of this is	
Understand the link between	Know how rivers shape	weather and mountains.	explored.	
food consumption patterns	the land	(refer back to water		
and farming; issues arising eg	Understand the river's	cycle)		
local sourcing.	load.			
FIELDTRIP To Kenyon Hall	Know the effects and	Focus Study- Snowdonia-		
<mark>farm.</mark>	impact of rivers flooding	To identify land- use		
Diversity: Pupils' own	(link back to agriculture)	patterns		
experiences and those of	FIELDTRIP Rivers trip &	To understand why land-		
their families and	Map skills	use is changing.		
communities are drawn on to		To understand the		
illustrate geographical	Fieldwork question:	relationship between		
subject matter.	Identify the	people and mountains-		
	geographical features	why do people live		
Fieldwork question: What is	of aRiver and its	there?		
the farming like at Kenyon	surrounding area.	Diversity: Migration and		
Hall farm?	3	settlement are explored		
		as common human		
		experiences.		
		Fieldwork question:		
		Investigate the		
		relationship between		
		weather and mountains/		
		·		
		How does weather		

			change as I go up a mountain?	
	Production of Chocolate and	Climate and Biomes		Volcanoes &
	impact on Ghana	Explain the relationship		Earthquakes
	What is the impact upon	between biomes and		How do volcanoes and
	Ghana in the production of	location and explain why		<mark>earthquake happen and</mark>
	cocoa?	the climate and biomes		what is the impact on
	Diversity: A range of images	differ between Greece		<mark>people?</mark>
	of developing countries is	and UK.		Know the structure and
	used to balance the focus of	Know and locate		composition of the
	negative representations in	different climate zones.		earth
	the media.	Understand the		To know the formation
	To understand where cocoa	relationship between the		of volcanoes (link back
	is grown and why	climate and oceans		to formation of a
	To understand how land-use	Know different types of		mountain) and how and
	and settlement has changed/	biomes and their		why they erupt.
	natural resources.	relationship with climate		Know types of volcanoes
	Diversity: The ways in which	Locate continent of		To know why people still
	different communities use or	Europe and describe		live by or visit volcanoes
	used natural resources and	climate zones and biomes		and how people have
Year 4	the impact of this is	in relation to position		adapted the land- use
Teal 4	explored.			Know causes of
	To know how chocolate is	<u>Focus study</u> : Investigate		earthquakes
	made and the specific	the Mediterranean		Know how people have
	environmental conditions	climate focusing on		adapted settlement for
	needed to grow.	Greece.		humans to live in
	To understand what	Understand the		earthquake zones
	Fairtrade is and why it was	geographical similarities		
	set up.	and differences between		Focus study: Mount
	To explain the threats	Greece and UK. (climate		<u>Vesuvius</u>
	towards growing and selling	and biomes)		Land- use (link back to
	cocoa.			agriculture)
	FIELDTRIP- to Cadbury's	Fieldwork question: How		Link to settlements-
	World- Bean to Bar.	does locational position		why people still live by
	Diversity: The variety of	in the UK affect the		volcanoes.
	human relationships with the	average precipitation?		Why do people visit
	physical environment are			volcanoes (tourism,
	explored by looking at			work, farming, science)
	similarities and differences.			Focus study: North
				<u>America</u>

	Diversity: Pupils' own experiences and those of their families and communities are drawn on to illustrate geographical subject matter. Fieldwork question: How many products in our local shop are Fairtrade?				Adaptation of settlement Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored as common human experiences. Fieldwork question: Where in school is the riskiest place to be during a volcanic eruption?
Year 5		Polar Regions & Oceans How has climate change impacted upon the polar regions and the oceans? To know the location of the oceans and polar regions. To know which countries (including Russia) are classed as within polar regions. Know the climate of the polar regions and different biomes (including deserts) within the Polar regions. Diversity: The variety of human relationships with the physical environment are explored by looking at similarities and differences. Know why the polar regions differ in habitability Know how people live in the Arctic		Agriculture in the Amazon Basin What are the different types of agriculture in the Amazon Basin and why are they significant to us? To know what the Amazon Basin is and where it is located. To revisit how rivers get their water. To locate the river Amazon, its source and course. To revisit the different types of farming present in the UK To know how farming and agriculture varies across the world and why. To know the types of agriculture in the Amazon Basin and who are responsible (poor farmers; corporations) for it.	Amazon Basin and its rainforest Why is the Amazon Rainforest so important to the world and why is it under threat? To locate the rainforests of the world in relation to the hemispheres and Tropics. To understand why the rainforest is a biome. To know the relationship between rainforests and climate and how climate change impacts upon the rainforest. To know how people have adapted to living in the rainforest and how human settlement and land- use has developed. (population distribution; economy) Diversity: Migration and settlement are

		Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored as common human experiences. Understand the causes and effects of climate change on the polar regions Understand the importance of the oceans on human life Understand how climate change affects the oceans and the impact on life. Fieldwork question: How is climate changing and what is the impact it is having?		To understand how agriculture and farming in the Amazon Basin is a key part of the global supply chain. Diversity: The ways in which different communities use or used natural resources and the impact of this is explored. Fieldwork question: Investigate the journey food takes from its source to the consumer.	explored as common human experiences. To understand the significance of deforestation in the Amazon Basin and its impact on the world. Diversity: The ways in which different communities use or used natural resources and the impact of this is explored. Fieldwork question: How is deforestation impacting the Amazon Rainforest?
Year 6	Coastal Processes and Landforms How does the location of a place affect its coastline and why? To know the process of erosion, transportation and deposition (refer back to rivers) Focus Study: Jurassic Coastto know the significance of its rocks, fossils and landforms (refer back to rocks science unit) To recognise coastal habitats To compare contrasting coastal habitats			Wigan What would you find if you came to Wigan? How has Wigan developed? Diversity: The way the local environment reflects the cultures of its inhabitants is explored. Understand the key physical and human features of Wigan Understand Wigan land- use patterns; and how these have changed over time. (Refer to Digimap).	

The Northern Indian Ocean		FIELDTRIP- visit Wigan	
(most important transport		town centre and area of	
route for oil); coastal cities		Pier/ canal.	
situated along the Indian		Diversity: Pupils' own	
Ocean are: Mumbai (India) ,		experiences and those	
Singapore, Perth(Australia),		of their families and	
Durban (South Africa)		communities are drawn	
Diversity: The variety of		on to illustrate	
human relationships with the		geographical subject	
physical environment are		<mark>matter.</mark>	
explored by looking at		Fieldwork question:	
similarities and differences.		Why do people visit	
		Wigan Town Centre?	
Fieldwork question: What			
would happen if all coastal			
protection measures were			
removed?			