	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Nursery	Understanding the World, People, Culture and Communities- To explore the Forest School. To look for and identify features of our natural environment including, trees, plants, pond, bridges, pathways. Diversity: The variety of physical features found in our forest school im comparison with other known areas (eg, the front of school, a town, their homes.) Can you identify and name some features of their own immediate environment? People, Culture and People, Culture and							
Reception	Communities- Where do you live? To describe our immediate environment using knowledge from observation and experience. To explore how we can look after our environment. Look at where we live in Standish, learn their address write a letter to themselves and post it. Look at where they live in comparison to school. Walk around the school grounds and local area - Beach Walk wooded area, farm land / open fields at the end of Beach Walks, Bunny woods - chn to understand that even though we are near a busy centre we are also near open countryside. Diversity: The way the local environment reflects the		Communities- Which cultures are in our society and how are we different? Diversity: A range of images of developing countries is used to balance the focus of negative representations in the media. To consider and discuss similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country. To use maps and explore non-fiction texts. Explore cultures within our society and identify ourselves e.g where we live. To look in-depth at our class map of the world. Learn about celebrations as they occur throughout the year, e.g. Chinese	Communities- How is it different from here to Africa? Diversity: A range of images of developing countries is used to balance the focus of negative representations in the media. To explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries- Africa. Diversity: The variety of human relationships with the physical environment are explored by looking at similarities and differences. To draw on our knowledge through stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored as common human				
Year 1	cultures of its inhabitants is explored. Local area study -Standish	Hot and Cold	New Year, Diwali etc.	experiences. The UK		Seaside		

What is there to do and	How are the Antarctic and the Kalahari different and	Can you describe what	What is it like to visit
enjoy in Standish?	why?	the UK is and which seas	Blackpool? What can
Diversity: The way the local		surround it?	you do there?
environment reflects the	To know and understand that Antarctica is a		
cultures of its inhabitants is	continent.	To know what a country	To locate Blackpool on a
explored.	To know and locate the seven continents.	is.	map of the UK
To understand what human	To name and locate the oceans.	To know the four	Use simple compass
and physical features are.	To know what the Equator is.	countries of the UK.	directions to describe
To identify the human and	To know where the Equator is.	To know the surrounding	the location of
physical features of the	To know where the North and South Poles are.	seas.	Blackpool
school and surrounding areas.	(Compass points)	To know the capital	To understand key
To use fieldwork and simple	To explain why countries are hot or cold.	cities of the UK.	human and physical
maps to describe a route	To identify seasonal weather patterns in UK	To know the differences	features of seaside
using compass points.	To recognise weather symbols.	between a city, town and	towns.
To recognise what we have in	To compare the weather in Kalahari to London.	village.	Diversity: The ways in
Standish and what it		To identify daily	which different
provides for us. (butchers,	Fieldwork question: Compare the weather in the	weather patterns in the	communities use or used
bakers, hairdressers etc)	Kalahari and London.	UK.	natural resources and
To recognise landmarks of		Diversity: Migration and	the impact of this is
Standish and create a simple		settlement are explored	explored.
map from one landmark to		<mark>as common human</mark>	To recognise the key
their house.		experiences.	landmarks of Blackpool
Fieldtrip around Standish-			To devise a simple map
What are the Human and		Fieldwork question:	from one key feature to
Physical features of		What capital city in	another in Blackpool.
Standish and what does it		the UK would you like	Fieldtrip to Blackpool-
provide for us?		to go to?	What are the Human
Diversity: Pupils' own			and Physical features of
experiences and those of			Blackpool and what are
their families and			the important
communities are drawn on to			landmarks?
illustrate geographical			Diversity: The variety
<mark>subject matter.</mark>			of human relationships
			with the physical
Fieldwork question: What			environment are
are the human and physical			explored by looking at
features of Standish and			similarities and
what does it provide for			differences.
us?			Diversity: Migration and
			settlement are

				explored as common human experiences. Diversity: Pupils' own experiences and those of their families and communities are drawn on to illustrate geographical subject matter. Fieldwork question: How does a seaside town vary from where we live?
Year 2	Map skills Locating capital cities of UK, the surrounding waters and the location of London.	Settlement and Cities What is it like to live in London and what is there to do? Focus Study: London Understand settlement types- hamlet, village, town, city Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored as common human experiences. To identify the characteristics of the 4 countries of the UK. To know some of the physical and human features of London Use aerial photographs/ simple maps to recognise landmarks of London. Plan a route using a simple map from one landmark to another.	Comparison of London and Cape Town Where is South Africa in the world and how does it compare to London? Diversity: A range of images of developing countries is used to balance the focus of negative representations in the media. To know why Africa is a continent and what surrounds it. To describe the location of South Africa in relation to surrounding countries. To know what the weather patterns are like in South Africa To know some of the human features of Cape Town in South Africa.	

	Discuss	To understand the seasonal weather patterns for London. To explain the advantages and disadvantages of living in a city. ('A Walk in London' Salvatore Rubbino) Know how people move around London. Diversity: Pupils' own experiences and those of their families and communities are drawn on to illustrate geographical subject matter. Fieldwork question: How can we compare the Human and Physical features of Wigan and London?		To know some of the physical features of Cape Town in South Africa. Diversity: The ways in which different communities use or used natural resources and the impact of this is explored. To compare the human and physical features of London and Cape Town. Diversity: The variety of human relationships with the physical environment are explored by looking at similarities and differences. Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored as common human experiences. Fieldwork question: How does the rainfall in Standish compare with the rainfall in Cape Town?	
Year 3	Rivers How and why are rivers a vital human resource? <u>Focus Study:</u> River Indus- Himalayas. Locate the River Indus and describe its position	Mountains How do mountains interact with what is around them? (people, land-use, climate)- can you give examples? To know what a mountain is and how they are formed.	Focus Study: River Nile- the land-use and impact on people. (within History) Diversity: The variety of human relationships with the physical environment are explored by looking at similarities and differences.		Agriculture How are agriculture and farming interlinked? Know different types of farming (arable, pastoral, mixed) Know how farming changes the landscape.

What is the impact upon	location and explain why	How do volcanoes and
Ghana in the production of	the climate and biomes	<mark>earthquake happen and</mark>
cocoa?	differ between Greece	what is the impact on
Diversity: A range of images	and UK.	people?
of developing countries is	Know and locate	Know the structure and
used to balance the focus of	different climate zones.	composition of the
negative representations in	Understand the	earth
the media.	relationship between the	To know the formation
To understand where cocoa	climate and oceans	of volcanoes (link back
is grown and why	Know different types of	to formation of a
To understand how land-use	biomes and their	mountain) and how and
and settlement has changed/	relationship with climate	why they erupt.
natural resources.	Locate continent of	Know types of volcanoes
Diversity: The ways in which	Europe and describe	To know why people still
different communities use or	climate zones and biomes	live by or visit volcanoes
used natural resources and	in relation to position	and how people have
the impact of this is		adapted the land- use
explored.	<u>Focus study</u> : Investigate	Know causes of
To know how chocolate is	the Mediterranean	earthquakes
made and the specific	climate focusing on	Know how people have
environmental conditions	Greece.	adapted settlement for
needed to grow.	Understand the	humans to live in
To understand what	geographical similarities	earthquake zones
Fairtrade is and why it was	and differences between	
set up.	Greece and UK. (climate	Focus study: Mount
To explain the threats	and biomes)	Vesuvius
towards growing and selling		Land- use (link back to
cocoa.	Fieldwork question: How	agriculture)
FIELDTRIP- research	does locational position	Link to settlements-
project on Fairtrade	in the UK affect the	why people still live by
products in our local shops.	average precipitation?	volcanoes.
Diversity: The variety of		Why do people visit
human relationships with the		volcanoes (tourism,
physical environment are		work, farming, science)
explored by looking at		Focus study: North
similarities and differences.		America
Diversity: Pupils' own		Adaptation of
experiences and those of		settlement
their families and		Diversity: Migration and
communities are drawn on to		settlement are

	illustrate geographical				explored as common
	subject matter.				human experiences.
	Subject matter.				numan experiences.
	Fieldwork question: How				Fieldwork question:
	many products in our local				Where in school is the
	shop are Fairtrade?				riskiest place to be
					during a volcanic
					eruption?
		Polar Regions & Oceans		Agriculture in the	Amazon Basin and its
		How has climate change		Amazon Basin	rainforest
		impacted upon the polar		What are the different	Why is the Amazon
		regions and the oceans?		types of agriculture in	Rainforest so important
		To know the location of		the Amazon Basin and	to the world and why is
		the oceans and polar		why are they significant	it under threat?
		regions.		<mark>to us?</mark>	To locate the
		To know which countries		To know what the	rainforests of the
		(including Russia) are		Amazon Basin is and	world in relation to the
		classed as within polar		where it is located.	hemispheres and
		regions.		To revisit how rivers	Tropics.
		Know the climate of the		get their water.	To understand why the
		polar regions and		To locate the river	rainforest is a biome.
		different biomes		Amazon, its source and	To know the
		(including deserts) within		course.	relationship between
Year 5		the Polar regions.		To revisit the different	rainforests and climate
i cui s		Diversity: The variety of		types of farming	and how climate change
		human relationships with		present in the UK	impacts upon the
		the physical environment		To know how farming	rainforest.
		are explored by looking		and agriculture varies	To know how people
		at similarities and		across the world and	have adapted to living in
		differences.		why.	the rainforest and how
		Know why the polar		To know the types of	human settlement and
		regions differ in		agriculture in the	land- use has developed.
		habitability		Amazon Basin and who	(population distribution;
		Know how people live in		are responsible (poor	economy)
		the Arctic		farmers; corporations) for it.	Diversity: Migration and
		Diversity: Migration and settlement are explored		tor IT. To understand how	settlement are
		as common human		agriculture and farming	explored as common human experiences.
				in the Amazon Basin is a	To understand the
		experiences.		in the Amazon basin is a	significance of
					significance of

		Understand the causes and effects of climate change on the polar regions Understand the importance of the oceans on human life Understand how climate change affects the oceans and the impact on life. Fieldwork question: How is climate changing and what is the impact it is having?		key part of the global supply chain. Diversity: The ways in which different communities use or used natural resources and the impact of this is explored. Fieldwork question: Investigate the journey food takes from its source to the consumer.	deforestation in the Amazon Basin and its impact on the world. Diversity: The ways in which different communities use or used natural resources and the impact of this is explored. Fieldwork question: How is deforestation impacting the Amazon Rainforest?
Year 6	Coastal Processes and Landforms How does the location of a place affect its coastline and why? To know the process of erosion, transportation and deposition (refer back to rivers) Focus Study: Jurassic Coast- to know the significance of its rocks, fossils and landforms (refer back to rocks science unit) To recognise coastal habitats To compare contrasting coastal habitats- The Northern Indian Ocean (most important transport route for oil); coastal cities situated along the Indian			Wigan What would you find if you came to Wigan? How has Wigan developed? Diversity: The way the local environment reflects the cultures of its inhabitants is explored. Understand the key physical and human features of Wigan Understand Wigan land- use patterns; and how these have changed over time. (Refer to Digimap). FIELDTRIP- visit Wigan town centre and area of <u>Pier/ canal.</u> Diversity: Pupils' own experiences and those of their families and	

Ocean are: Mumbai (India), Singapore, Perth(Australia), Durban (South Africa) Diversity: The variety of human relationships with the physical environment are explored by looking at similarities and differences.		communities are drawn on to illustrate geographical subject matter. Fieldwork question: Why do people visit Wigan Town Centre?	
Fieldwork question: What would happen if all coastal protection measures were removed?			